

```
8 9 10 13
ring nodes:
    1 2 3 4 5 6 7
chain bonds:
    2-13 6-8 8-9 9-10
ring bonds:
    1-2 1-4 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 6-7
exact/norm bonds:
    1-2 1-4 2-3 2-13 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 6-7
exact bonds:
    6-8 8-9 9-10

Match level:
    1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS
```

13:Atom

```
ANSWER 1 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
. L6
AN
     2001:516268 CAPLUS
DN
     135:84384
ED
     Entered STN: 18 Jul 2001
TΤ
     Liquid crystalline 3,4,5-tricyanophenyl derivatives as
     potential dopants in liq. crystal media
IN
     Goulding, Mark John; Hirschmann, Harald; Kirsch, Peer; Krause, Joachim
     Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany
PA
SO
     Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 31 pp.
     CODEN: BAXXDU
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
TC
     ICM C07C255-55
     ICS C07C255-51; C07C255-54; C09K019-14; C09K019-20; C09K019-30
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 75
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     ----- ----
                           ______
                                          _____
     GB 2350361
GB 2350361
                      A1
PΙ
                           20001129
                                          GB 2000-12376
                                                          20000522
     GB 2350361
                      В2
                           20031203
PRAI EP 1999-110066
                      Α
                           19990522
     MARPAT 135:84384
os
GΙ
```

$$R-(A^2-Z_2)m-A^1-Z^1$$

CN

CN

CN

I

AΒ Disclosed are 3,4,5-tricyanophenyl derivs. of the formula I (R = F, Cl, CN, NCS, C1-25-alkyl; A1, A2 = 1,4-phenylene, trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-cyclohexenylene, 1,4-bicyclo-(2,2,2)-octylene, piperidine-1,4-diyl, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, decahydro-naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, cyclobutane-1,3-diyl, spiro[3. 3]heptane-2,6-diyl or dispiro[3.1.3.1]decane-2,8-diyl; Z1, Z2 = -CH20-, -OCH2-, -COO-, -OCO-, -CH2CH2-, -(CH2)4-, -CF2CF2-,-CH=CH-, -CF=CF-, -C-C- or a single bond; m = 0-2). These compds. exhibit very high dielec. anisotropy ($\Delta \epsilon$) and therefore can be used in small amts. as dopants to increase the value of $(\Delta \epsilon)$ in liq. crystal media. These compds. may be used as components in lig. crystal media and displays. tricyanophenyl deriv dopant liq crystal media stITLiquid crystals (lig. cryst. 3,4,5-tricyanophenyl derivs. with high dielec. anisotropy as dopants in liq. crystal media) IT Liquid crystal displays (liq. cryst. 3,4,5-tricyanophenyl derivs. with high dielec. anisotropy as dopants in liq. crystal media in relation to) IT 146105-19-3, ZLI 4792 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (liq. cryst. 3,4,5-tricyanophenyl derivs. with high dielec. anisotropy as dopants in liq. crystal) IT 346698-11-1 346698-13-3 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)